1 1 2 15 8 5 4 5

106842 to 106913-Continued.

A shrub up to 20 feet high, with greenish flowers and small crimson fruits. The leaves yield a commercial tannin. Native to southern Europe.

For previous introduction see 72634.

106898. RHUS SUCCEDANEA L. Anacardiaceae. Sumac.

A shrub or small tree up to 30 feet high, with grayish-green elliptic-oblong, long-pointed leaflets, and slender panicles of yellowish-green flowers. Native to eastern Asia.

For previous introduction see 48733.

106899. SACCHARUM SPONTANEUM L. Poaceae.

A grass closely related to sugarcane.

For previous introduction see 86174.

106900. SALSOLA ARBORESCENS RICHLERI Karel, Chenopodiaceae.

A much-branched shrub with semiterete leaves and small inconspicuous flowers. Native to the deserts of Siberia.

106901. Salsola Rigida Pall. Chenopodiaceae.

A small shrub, yellow hairy throughout, with prostrate or ascending branches and alternate linear leaves. Native to salty places in southwestern Asia.

106902 to 106905. STIPA spp. Poaceae.

106902. STIPA HOHENACKERIANA Trin. and Rupr.

A cespitose perennial grass with slender culms and long rigid leaves. Native to Transcaucasia and Iran (Persia).

106903. STIPA HOLOSERICEA Trin. an Rubr.

A tufted perennial grass with spreading stems and rigid leaves. Native to

106904, STIPA SPLENDENS Trin. Feathergrass.

A coarse grass 6 feet high, native to the steppes of western Asia, with dense nodding panicles a foot long. The tough leaves and stalks are used to make brooms.

For previous introduction see 78482.

106905. STIPA SZOVITZIANA Trin.

A tufted perennial grass with fibrous roots and short rigid leaves. Native to Asia Minor, Arabia, and Iran (Persia).

106906. THALICTRUM MINUS L. Ranunculaceae. Low meadowrue.

A species 1 to 2 feet high, native to Europe. Asia, and northern Africa, with loose panicles of drooping yellow or greenish flowers.

For previous introduction see 95608.

106907. THALICTRUM SULTANABADENSE, Stapf. Ranunculaceae.

A low herb about 6 inches high, with biternate leaves and flowers in a leafy raceme. Native to Iran (Persia).

106908. TRIFOLIUM LAPPACEUM L. Faba-

106842 to 106913—Continued.

This European clover has a somewhat reclining habit of growth; the rather soft and delicate stems are seldom more than 12 or 15 inches long.

For previous introduction see 97794,

106909 to 106913. TULIPA spp. Liliaceae. Tulip.

106909. TULIPA ANDROSSOWI Litv.

A wild tulip from central Asia, with a stem 4 to 10 inches high, bearing a single small white flower. The two linear-acute leaves are borne at about the middle of the stem.

106910. TULIPA BORSCZOWI Regel.

A Russian tulip with stems 12 to 18 inches high, bluish-green, narrowly ovate leaves up to 6 inches in length, and red flowers with black blotches at the base of the petals.

For previous introduction see 61447.

106911. TULIPA HOOGIANA B. Fedtsch.

A tulip of the section Eriobulbi, with a stem 6 to 18 inches high and four to six lanceolate-tapering leaves 8 to 10 inches long. The flower is scarlet, with a large black blotch bordered with orange on the inner side of each segment. Native to Bokhara.

106912. TULIPA KUSCHKENSIS B. Fedtsch.

For previous introduction and decription see 106777.

166913. TULIPA MICHELIANA Hoog.

A tulip native to the Caspian region, with a pubescent scape 12 inches high. The lanceolate to linear-lanceolate leaves, usually four, are striped with brown and have undulate margins. The large single flowers are lilac scarlet and vermillon scarlet inside with black lanceolate blotches on the back.

For previous introduction see 100644.

106914 to 106932.

From British Guiana. Seeds collected by W. A. Archer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received October 19, 1934.

Introduced for Department specialists.

From the Georgetown Botanic Garden, September 27, 1934

106914. Barringtonia asiatica (L.) Kurz. Lecythidaceae.

No. 2571. A handsome tree 50 feet high, with thick leathery bright-green leaves a foot long and racemes of large showy flowers having white petals and crimsontipped stamens resembling a brush. The smooth shining-black fruits are shaped like a four-sided pyramid and are 3 to 4 inches long on each side. It is native to the East Indies.

For previous introduction see 97975.

106915. BAUHINIA GALPINI N. E. Br. Caesalpiniaceae.

No. 2561. A small tree 15 feet high. The leaves, two lobed at the apex, are up to 3 inches long, and the brick-red flowers are borne continuously from spring to late autumn.

For previous introduction see 76775.